Model for Localisation of Sustainable Development goals at Management Level

CRITERION VII - INSTITUTIONAL VALUES AND BEST PRACTICES

7.3 - Institutional Distinctiveness

7.3.1 - Portray the performance of the Institution in one area distinctive to its priority and thrust within 200 words

ZIBACAR has always adopted the National and global policies and agenda. The new agenda of achieving the Sustainable Development goals by 2030 requires various educational institutes to play its part as a moral responsibility. For the same, IQAC has taken new initiative called as **Mission Implementation of 17 Sustainable goals-MI-17** to localises the SDG at Management Institute level. For the same it has created a 3-year plan which will be implemented at various levels. These phase are overlapping and repeating at certain points; and are continuous in nature.

The Phase-I is termed as: Assessment and Capacity Building which includes:

- i. Study of UN sustainable goals
- ii. Create a strategic plan
- iii. Sensitisation and Awareness

The Phase-II is termed as: Collaborations, Monitoring and Implementation which includes:

- i. Collaborations:
- ii. Monitoring:
- iii. Technology Integration:
- iv. Promotion

Use success stories to promote SDG initiative and connect with a wide range of stakeholders.

The Phase-III is termed as: Scaling and Sustainability which includes:

- i. Replication and Expansion:
- ii. Reporting and Communication

Study of UN sustainable goalsGoal Prioritization and Planning:

Phase 1 • Create a strategic plan

Collaborations

- Monitoring
- Technology Integration

Promotion

Phase 3

Phase 2

- Replication and Expansion
- Reporting and Communication

Year 1: Assessment and Capacity Building

1. Study of UN sustainable goals

i. Conduct a rapid study and assessment of UN sustainable goals from Global, Indian and Local perspective.

2. Create a strategic plan

- Create a strategic plan towards achievement of SDG as per various committees-Academics, Research, Students club, Library, Training and Placement etc members and map to the selected SDG. Create a roadmap for implementation of UN sustainable goals.
- ii. Take 'Action plan' from faculty members and map to the selected SDG.
- iii. Take 'Action plan' from students members and map to the selected SDG.
- iv. Select goals on the basis of relevance of its implications from Management Institutes perspective.

3. Sensitisation and Awareness:

- Conduct various sessions about sensiting students towards the need of sustainable goals through Open Learning Space(Assembly) and Guests sessions and selecting the Courses pertaining to the SDG.
- ii. Conduct basic training for local leaders on the importance of sustainable development.

Table1: Prioritize UN sustainable goals and plan activities

	List of activities planned	
Sustainable goals		
	i. I	Distribution of Blankets in slum
	a	reas
	ii. I	Oonation of food to Hungry and
Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms	P	Poor People
	i.	Awareness in Open Learning
		Space
	ii.	Food Wastage and preventions
		of food wastage
	iii.	Poster Presentation from
		Students at various places of
		Canteen.
	iv.	Food and Blanket distribution in
Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Various Orphanages.
	i.	Awareness in Open Learning
	S	pace
	ii. H	Health related awareness
	p	program conducted in classroom
	()	Benefits of Yoga)
	iii. (Celebration of World Yoga day
	I	n college campus
	iv. A	Anti-tobacco and Anti-Ragging
Goal 3: Good Health and Well being	Z	one in campus
	i. I	mplementation of innovative
	t	eaching pedagogy
	ii. S	pread awareness though writing
	r	esearch papers
		Revamp of Academic and
		Training module
		Conducted some session for
	A	Awareness of Education in nearby
Goal 4: Quality Education		Areas
		Awareness about women safety
	(what should be in the bag?)
		Conduct Women's Empowerment
		Activity.
		Women leadership, Awards to girl
		tudents
		Promotion for different activities
		Rangoli competition)
Goal 5: Gender equality and women's		Woman oriented activities
empowerment		Woman's Day Celebration)

	i. Hygiene oriented activities
	ii. College Campus Get Clean and
	_
	Sanitised Everyday
	iii. Spread awareness though writing
	research papers
	iv. College provide filtered water to
Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	every students
	i. Awareness in Open Learning
	Space
	ii. Spread awareness though writing
	research papers
	iii. Installation of solar plant
Goal 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	
Goal 8: Decent work and Economic Growth	
	i. Facilitate industry institute
	interaction
	ii. Spread awareness though writing
Goal 9: Industry, Innovation and	research papers
infrastructure	F. F.
mrustructure	i. Awareness about inequalities
	through skit and poster
	presentation by Students.
	presentation by Students.
Goal 10: Reduced Inequality	
	i. Awareness in Open Learning Space
Goal 11: Sustainable cities and	ii. Spread awareness though writing
communities	research papers
	i. Awareness about consumption
	and Production of Organic Fabric
	(Process of Banana Fabric)
	ii. Energy Saving Messages in
	college campus.
Cool 12. Sustainable consumed and	iii. Importance and Benefits of Low
Goal 12: Sustainable consumption and production	consumption awareness.
production	i. The institute premises have
	excellent greenery along with green
	House & internal pathways
	ii. Global Warming and Earth
	Conservation Poster Presentation
Goal 13: Climate Action	from students
Cool 14. I if a holowy wester	
Goal 14: Life below water	i. Awareness of Tree plantation and
Goal 15: Biodiversity, forests,	its Benefits for Nature.
desertification (Life on land)	us denems for Nature.

	ii. iii.	Tree Plantation Activities in Baneshwar Forest Spread awareness though writing research papers
Goal 16: Peace, justice and strong institutions		
Goal 17: Partnerships for the goals		

Phase 2: Collaborations, Monitoring and Implementation

1. Collaborations:

- i. Identify the external stakeholders and collaborate with them.
- ii. Conduct various activities regarding the goal implemnetations.
- iii. Seek permissions and various financial/non financial services frm NGO,Government agencies and business comminities.
- iv. Seek initial funding from local sources, businesses, and community contributions.

2. Monitoring:

- i. Establish a simple monitoring system to track SDG progress
- ii. Gather feedback from the all the stakeholders and adjust strategies accordingly.

3. Technology Integration:

Use technology to data collection, monitoring, feedback/impact analysis and data visualisation and revise.

Prepare report and keep communicate to all stakeholders.

4. Promotion

Use success stories to promote SDG initiative and connect with a wide range of stakeholders.

Phase 3: Scaling and Sustainability

1. Replication and Expansion:

i. Identify the SDG initiatives with a maximum impact and replicate it to a substantial level.

ii. Explore opportunities to expand initiatives impact.

2. Reporting and Communication:

i. Create report and comminucate to all the stakeholders.

Phase-I -Assessment and Capacity Building which includes:

- •Study of UN sustainable goals
- •Create a strategic plan
 - •Sensitisation and Awareness

Phase-II -Collaborations, Monitoring and Implementation

- •Collaborations:
 - •Monitoring:
- •Technology Integration:
 - Promotion

Phase-III -Scaling and Sustainability which includes:

- Replication and Expansion:
 - •Reporting and Communication

Plan of Implementation of SDG

Sensitisation and Awareness

1. Deployment of UN sustainable goals on prominent places at Institute



SDG NO. 5 : Gender Equality :

Gender equality refers to the equal rights, opportunities, and treatment of individuals regardless of their gender. It involves ensuring that both men and women have the same rights and opportunities in various aspects of life, including education, employment, politics, and social interactions.

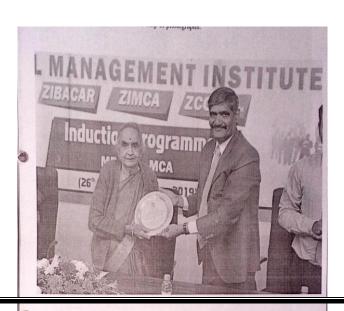


Photo 1 : Poster Presented by
Students for Woman Empowerment

Maintain a gender Parity Mindset

Photo 2 : Poster Presentation by Students for Woman Empowerment

Photo 1: Felicitation to Successful



Woman Mrs. Minakshi Dadhe



<u>Photo 2 : Felicitation to Successful Woman Mrs. Sunanda Karmarkar</u>

Photo 3 : Celebrating International Woman's Day in College





Photo 4: Woman Empowerment

Presentation



Photo: 5 Woman Empowerment

Presentation



Photo 6: Girls

Participated in Rangoli

Compitition

SDG 10 : Reduce Inequality :

SDG 10 refers to "Reduce Inequality within and among Countries." The goal is aimed at addressing various dimensions of inequality, including income inequality, social inequality, and inequality in access to opportunities and resources.



SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being

SDG 3 stands for the third goal of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which is "Good Health and Well-Being." The objective of SDG 3 is to ensure

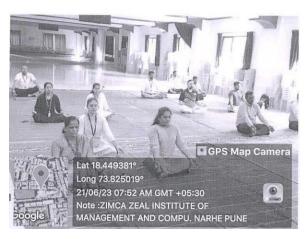
healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages. This goal encompasses a wide range of health-related targets and indicators to address various aspects of global health.



Photo 1: Presentation of Benefits of Yoga



Photo 2: Importance of Yoga in Human Life



1. EVENT DETAILS

Day and Date	Day, 21/06/2023		
	07:00am to 08:30am		
Event Level	Institute Level		
Event Category	Guest Trainer session		
Event type	Extra-Curricular Activity		
Event Name	WORLD YOGA DAY CELEBRATION		
Event mode	Off line Mode		
Venue	CSM AUDITORIUM ,ZES,Pune		
No. of Participants	Girls: 12 Boys: 33 Total:45		

Photo 3: Celebration of World Yoga day In our Institute

SDG 3: Good Health and well being (Awareness about Woman Safety)
Some Safety things Woman should Keep in their Purse

1. Safelet

Safelet is wearable women safety device with two buttons on the side that can be used to send a message or contact the guardian member.

2. Pepper Spray Pistol

Pepper spray pistol is among the legally approved women selfdefence appliances. It is way different than other pepper sprays as it doesn't require to be sprayed on eyes. As this spray act as irritant affecting the eyes and skin of the person.



3. Safety Torch With Shock Effect

Rechargeable safety torch with shock effect can be the saviour for women. The LED Flashlight with hidden electricity can shake a person very badly. Such personal protection equipment should be considered as the must carry essential of women's bag.



4. Safety Rod

The telescopic batons can be played very well for both offence and defence techniques in self-defense. Safety rods can deliver a massive pain with a shock to the attacker. The simple motto of this device is to save you from all the risky people.



5. Safer Smart Pendant

This pendant is not the normal pendant. As it has a small circular device known as SAFER. Whenever you feel unsafe, just double-click the safer device attached to the pendant. Then automatically an alert will be sent to your family or friends. Because of the GPS function, your location can be sent in the alert.



6. Personal Alarm Wristlet With Whistle

Personal Alarm Wristlet with a hidden whistle is specially designed for women safety. It is placed in outer pockets of a purse or backpack and can be hand-carried. The alarm is activated when the pin is pulled and detects the attacker. It also has an LED Light which will never leave you in the dark.



7. Sound Grenade E-Alarm Personal Safety

Sound Grenade is a non-lethal product that loud 120 Db Siren that weighs only 20 Grams. It is created specially to prevent you from thefts, rapes, mugging or any other risky situation by sending an alarm to anyone in the range of sound within 100 meters.



8. Paper Spray

It is by far the most reliable self-defence tool. Always carry pepper spray with you wherever you go. Make sure you spray it correctly and in the right direction. One pepper spray should cost anywhere between Rs 150-250.



SDG 3: Health and Well Being (Awareness about Social Apps for Safety)

With International Women's Day approaching on March 8, it's that time of year when we honour women who have made significant contributions to society. It's also a good moment to think about the significant obstacles that stand in the way of women's empowerment and liberation. Among these difficulties, women's safety and security remain the most significant impediment to women's independence. Here, have a look at the best women safety apps in India.

1. 112 India

4. Smart 24x7

7. bSafe







2. My Safetipin

5. Shake2 Safety

8. I'm Safe







3. Sheroes

6. Himmat







Photo 1 & 2: Notice for List of App's should be in every Girls Mobile



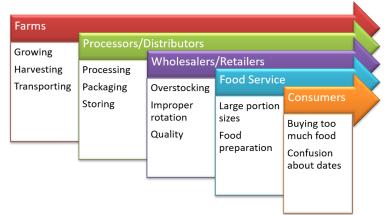


Anti-ragging and Tobacco Free campus



SDG 2 : Zero Hunger

FOOD SUPPLY CHAIN



Food Waste

In INDIA:

Nearly 40 per cent of the food produced in India is wasted every year due to fragmented food systems and inefficient supply chains a figure estimated by the Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO). This is the loss that occurs even before the food reaches the consumer

In World:

Roughly one third of the food produced in the world for human consumption every year approximately 1.3 billion tonnes gets lost or wasted. Every year, consumers in rich countries waste almost as much food (222 million tonnes) as the entire net food production of sub-Saharan Africa (230 million tonnes).



Reasons for food waste

There are many reasons why food is wasted, some of the most common items that are wasted:

Bread and bread products:

consumers do not understand 'best before' dates and bread is thrown away while still edible; the bread has been stored incorrectly and has dried out and gone hard; the bread has been stored too long (beyond 'best before' date) and has gone mouldy.

Fruit and vegetables:

consumers do not store the produce correctly; large pack size or multi-buys encourage consumers to buy more than they need;

consumers are not aware of the benefits of some packaging extending the shelf life of the product.

Starchy foods:

consumers cook too much, e.g. pasta/rice – portion size too big; leftovers thrown away.

Meat, chicken, fish:

consumers buy too much in advance; food 'goes off' before cooking due to incorrect storage.

Fizzy drinks:

the 'fizz' is lost when bottles are opened a few times; larger bottles can be cheaper than small.

Milk:

milk can go 'off' if stored incorrectly; too much milk is poured with cereals or in drinks

Ways to help prevent food waste

- Plan meals based on foods you already have.
 - ✓ Look in the refrigerator, freezer, and pantry first for foods that need to be used up.
 - ✓ Find recipes that use those ingredients.
 - ✓ Write a list of the food items you still need.
- Buy only the amount of food that can be eaten or frozen within a few days.
- Place foods that spoil quickly within sight.
- Store produce properly.





<u>"उतना ही लो थाली में</u> बेकार न जाए नाली में"

"Take As Much As The Plate
Does Not Go To Waste In The
Drain"



SDG 2 : Zero Hunger

It is one of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals established by the United Nations in 2015. The official wording is: "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". SDG 2 highlights the "complex inter-linkages between food security, nutrition, rural transformation and sustainable agriculture". According to the United Nations, there are around 690 million people who are hungry, which accounts for slightly less than 10 percent of the world population. One in every nine people goes to bed hungry each night, including 20 million people currently at risk of famine in South Sudan, Somalia, Yemen and Nigeria.



Awareness of Food Wastage in different areas of Canteen







Food and Blanket donation in Orphanage

SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production

When we think of pollution, we think of big oil companies and smog from coal mines—but the truth is, fast fashion is one of the central polluting industries in the world. Not only is excessive clothing production harmful to our planet, but garment production harms farmers and producers due to chemicals and waste.

Thankfully, there are many eco-friendly clothing brands utilizing sustainable production methods. These brands use low-impact dyes, upcycled natural materials, and organic cotton to create the very best sustainable and organic apparel.

For even more eco-friendly fashion some sustainable shoes, ethical handbags, and organic cotton can also be produced.

<u>Bamboo fabric</u> is created from the bamboo pulp. It does not need chlorine to bleach it and it can be dyed easily with minimal water requirements.

<u>Organic cotton</u> is much more environmentally friendly than the traditional variety as it uses no pesticides, herbicides, or insecticides during the growing cycle. There are many growers of this crop, and the number is steadily increasing i.e. Banana Fabric



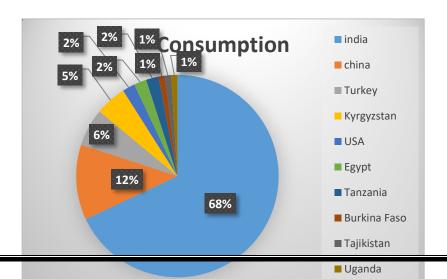




Organic Cotton Production and Consumption

Organic Cotton Production

	Consumption	
Country	in	
india	68	



china	12
Turkey	6
Kyrgyzstan	5
USA	2
Egypt	2
Tanzania	2
Burkina Faso	1
Tajikistan	1
Uganda	1

Toothpaste Consumption: Advertisement deceives us for using toothpaste. Consumption of toothpaste is not actual as shown in advertising poster.

As shown in this photo we don't use this much paste on our brush. Overdose of Paste may cause stomach pain and possible intestinal blockage





How much is too Much?



Less Energy Consumption Message in our college campus



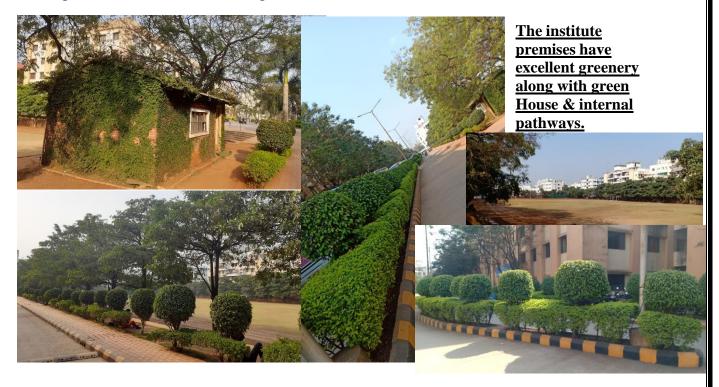


Solar plates installed in our college so that there should be less use of Energy

SDG 13: Climate Action

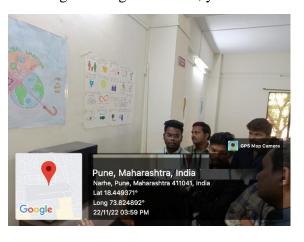


Climate action refers to efforts taken to combat climate change and its impacts. These efforts involve reducing greenhouse gas emissions (climate mitigation) and/or taking action to prepare for and adjust to both the current effects of climate change and the predicted impacts in the future (climate adaptation).



SDG 13.b: Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and





local and marginalized communities

Photo 1 & 2: Global Warming and Earth Conservation Poster Presentation from students

Goal 6: Clean water and Sanitation

Goal 6 of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is focused on ensuring access to clean water and sanitation. It is officially called "Clean Water and Sanitation," and its specific target is to "ensure availability and sustainable management of

water and sanitation for all." Here are some initiative Zeal institute Conducts for our Students



We Provide Pure and Filtered Water to Students

SDG 15: Life on Land

Tree Planation is one of most ambitious initiatives of the Government of Maharashtra. With respect to this initiative Maharashtra Government had launched a massive drive to increase the green cover across the state. As a part of the initiative, the Maharashtra Government decided to plant around 2 crore trees across the state. Also, the state government also announced its plan to plant 50 crore saplings in the next three years

ZIBACAR had set the target of 1001 trees to be planted was fixed and it was seen that 401 number of trees were planted. Grow Trees works towards the objective of preserving the environment by addressing two root problems of deforestation and global warming through an idea as simple as planting of trees.





Tree Plantation at Baneshwar Forest

The Tree plantation was captured well with the help of photographs.



SDG 4: Quality Education

The goal of ensuring quality education is recognized as a key component of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), specifically as Goal 4: "Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all." The importance of quality education in the context of sustainable development lies in its potential to address a range of social, economic, and environmental challenges.



Importance of Education and Value of Education in our corridor





Conducted some session for Awareness of Education in nearby Areas





Teaching Students on Projector; Demonstration teaching Method used while Teaching.

SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Sustainable Development Goal 9 (SDG 9) is one of the 17 global goals set by the United Nations in its 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. SDG 9 aims to "build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and foster innovation."









Industry Visit to Rieter India Pvt, Ltd.

1. Research papers

Sr.no	Name of Research article	Mapping with UN
		sustainable goals
1	Chapter 3. A Systematic Literature Review of STEM	Dr. Madhavi Shamkuwar
	Education in Changing National and Global Policies and	Prof. Pandurang Patil
	Procedures	
2	Systematic Literature Review and Bibliometric	Dr. Madhavi Shamkuwar
	Analysis for Smart and Sustainable Agriculture	Prof. Pandurang Patil
3	Smart city - An assessment of information technology	Dr. Madhavi Shamkuwar
	dimensions	Prof. Pandurang Patil
4	Social media analytics for societies and businesses:	Dr. Madhavi Shamkuwar
	Bibliometric analysis	Prof. Pandurang Patil
5	Study On E-Waste Concerns And Troubles In India	Dr. B.J. Mohite,
		Khushboo
		Yadav(Student)
		Priti Ravatkar(Student)
		Gayatri
		Angaitkar(Student)
6	Implementation of sustainable goals for using Artificial	Dr. Madhavi Shamkuwar
	Intelligence: Recent Trends and Future prospects	
	(submitted for publication)	

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Systematic Literature Review and Bibliometric **Analysis for Smart and Sustainable Agriculture**

Social media analytics for societies and businesses: Bibliometric analysis

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By 2022, there are expected to be 4.62 billion active social media users, or 58% of the world's population, and this number is expected to increase quickly. Through social media, the consumer in this new era can communicate directly with other people, businesses, and the government. Social media is without a doubt the most abundant source of human-generated text input. Opinions, feedbacks, perspectives, thoughts, and critiques offered by internet users represent attitudes and sentiments toward particular topics, products, companies, or services in many ways. The gigantic amount of hetergogenuos data thus generated through various social media platforms provides a rich and a collaborative way for consumers to stay connected across both

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Abstract

The digital farming ecosystem involves multiple stakeholders including farmers, customers, vendors, consumers, retail malls, and a third party. The system involves multiple processes including farming, the use of pesticides, food security, buying, lending, and auction. The system is highly complex in nature involving data sources in heterogeneous formats involving multiple stakeholders and processes that are crucial. In recent times, terms like smart agriculture, sustainable agriculture, and precision agriculture have started gaining momentum. The technology is the "cure" or "curse." The cure is in the implementation of multiple technologies such as blockchain, the Internet of Things, big data analytics, machine learning, artificial intelligence, and soft computing. Also, it may become a curse for maintaining the agricultural ecosystem related to privacy concerns, security issues, data leakage, etc. It has become very crucial to design robust technology strategies to solve agriculture problems and even to predict the problems that may arise in the future. The current agriculture system than the modern of the control of the current agriculture system than the control of the current agriculture system than the current agriculture and the current agriculture system than the current agriculture system than the current agriculture system than the current agriculture and the current agriculture system than the current agriculture agriculture and the current agriculture agriculture and the curr

difficulty of ineffective regulations, the deplorable and unsafe conditions of informal recycling, the low level of consumer awareness, and the unwillingnesson the part of the stakeholders to address the issues. Keywords - Electronic Waste, Electronic Trash, Biodegradable, Ethical Management.

 $\textbf{CRCBook} \verb| <ai.sustainable strategy@gmail.com >$

Fri, Jun 23, 1:52 PM

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to me 🔻

Dear Ms. Madhavi Shamkuwar, Ms. VidyaKadam

Greetings from Editorial Team!

We are pleased to inform you that your manuscript ID; AISS-162, with the Title: "Implementation of Sustainable Goals using Artificial Intelligence: Recent Trends and Future Prospects", submitted for Chapter proposal for our book entitled: Using AI to Develop Sustainability Strategies for the Changing Global Economy.

We are informing you that the Chapter Proposal submitted by you has been Accepted with the required revisions. The proposal lacks a detailed description of the methodology, it does not provide specific details on the methodology, such as the selection criteria for articles, the data analysis techniques, or the systematic approach to be followed. Including a clear statement on the significance of the research and how it fills a gap in knowledge would strengthen the proposal.

Final Version Manuscript

You are required to submit the Full Chapter by 15th October 2023, in both .pdf and .doc/.docx (MS Word) format, and follow the Guidelines attached with this mail, please.

In case of any queries, please feel free to contact us.

Regards,

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| Scription of business management, Emirates Aviation University, Dubai, OAE

Chapter 3. A Systematic Literature Review of STEM Education in Changing National and Global Policies and Procedures

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